

# TAMIL NADU STATE ELIGIBILITY TEST (TNSET 2024) **SYLLABUS**

**Subject:** Commerce **Code No: 2405** 

**Unit 1: Business Environment and International Business** 

**Unit 2: Accounting and Auditing** 

**Unit 3: Business Economics** 

**Unit 4: Business Finance** 

**Unit 5: Business Statistics and Research Methods** 

Unit 6: Business Management and Human Resource Management

**Unit 7: Banking and Financial Institutions** 

**Unit 8: Marketing Management** 

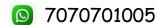
**Unit 9: Legal Aspects of Business** 

**Unit 10: Income-tax and Corporate Tax Planning** 

#### **Unit 1: Business Environment and International Business**

- \* Concepts and elements of business environment: Economic environment- Economic systems, Economic policies (Monetary and fiscal policies); Political environment Role of government in business; Legal environment- Consumer Protection Act, FEMA; Socio-cultural factors and their influence on business; Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR)
- **Scope and importance of international business:** Globalization and its drivers; Modes of entry into international business
- **Theories of international trade:** Government intervention in international trade; Tariff and non-tariff barriers; India's foreign trade policy
- ❖ Foreign direct investment (FDI) and Foreign portfolio investment (FPI): Types of FDI, Costs and benefits of FDI to home and host countries; Trends in FDI; India's FDI policy
- ❖ Balance of payments (BOP): Importance and components of BOP
- \* Regional Economic Integration: Levels of Regional Economic Integration; Trade creation and diversion effects; Regional Trade Agreements: European Union (EU), ASEAN, SAARC, NAFTA
- ❖ International Economic institutions: IMF, World Bank, UNCTAD
- ❖ World Trade Organisation (WTO): Functions and objectives of WTO; Agriculture Agreement; GATS; TRIPS; TRIMS







## **Unit 2: Accounting and Auditing**

- **Basic accounting principles:** concepts and postulates
- **Partnership Accounts:** Admission, Retirement, Death, Dissolution and Insolvency of partnership firms
- **Corporate Accounting:** Issue, forfeiture and reissue of shares; Liquidation of companies; Acquisition, merger, amalgamation and reconstruction of companies
- Holding company accounts
- **Cost and Management Accounting:** Marginal costing and Break-even analysis; Standard costing; Budgetary control; Process costing; Activity Based Costing (ABC); Costing for decision-making; Life cycle costing, Target costing, Kaizen costing and JIT
- ❖ Financial Statements Analysis: Ratio analysis; Funds flow Analysis; Cash flow
- ❖ Human Resources Accounting: Inflation Accounting; Environmental Accounting
- Indian Accounting Standards and IFRS
- ❖ Auditing: Independent financial audit; Vouching; Verification ad valuation of assets and liabilities; Audit of financial statements and audit report; Cost audit
- \* Recent Trends in Auditing: Management audit; Energy audit; Environment audit; Systems audit; Safety audit

#### **Unit 3: Business Economics**

- Meaning and scope of business economics
- Objectives of business firms
- **Demand analysis:** Law of demand; Elasticity of demand and its measurement; Relationship between AR and MR
- **Consumer behaviour:** Utility analysis; Indifference curve analysis
- **Law of Variable Proportions:** Law of Returns to Scale
- **Theory of cost:** Short-run and long-run cost curves
- ❖ Price determination under different market forms: Perfect competition; Monopolistic competition; Oligopoly- Price leadership model; Monopoly; Price discrimination
- ❖ Pricing strategies: Price skimming; Price penetration; Peak load pricing

#### **Unit 4: Business Finance**

- **Scope and sources of finance:** Lease financing
- Cost of capital and time value of money
- Capital structure
- \* Capital budgeting decisions: Conventional and scientific techniques of capital budgeting analysis
- **Working capital management:** Dividend decision: Theories and policies
- \* Risk and return analysis: Asset securitization
- International monetary system
- ❖ Foreign exchange market: Exchange rate risk and hedging techniques







- ❖ International financial markets and instruments: Euro currency; GDRs; ADRs
- ❖ International arbitrage: Multinational capital budgeting

#### **Unit 5: Business Statistics and Research Methods**

- Measures of central tendency
- Measures of dispersion
- Measures of skewness
- Correlation and regression of two variables
- ❖ **Probability:** Approaches to probability; Bayes' theorem
- **Probability distributions:** Binomial, Poisson and normal distributions
- \* Research: Concept and types; Research designs
- ❖ Data: Collection and classification of data
- **Sampling and estimation:** Concepts; Methods of sampling probability and nonprobability methods; Sampling distribution; Central limit theorem; Standard error; Statistical estimation
- ❖ Hypothesis testing: z-test; t-test: ANOVA; Chi-square test; Mann-Whitney test (U test); Kruskal-Wallis test (H-test); Rank correlation test
- **❖** Report writing

## Unit 6: Business Management and Human Resource Management

- Principles and functions of management
- \* Organization structure: Formal and informal organizations; Span of control
- \* Responsibility and authority: Delegation of authority and decentralization
- **Motivation and leadership:** Concept and theories
- Corporate governance and business ethics
- **Human resource management:** Concept, role and functions of HRM; Human resource planning; Recruitment and selection; Training and development; Succession planning
- **Compensation management:** Job evaluation; Incentives and fringe benefits
- ❖ Performance appraisal including 360-degree performance appraisal
- Collective bargaining and workers' participation in management
- ❖ Personality: Perception; Attitudes; Emotions; Group dynamics; Power and politics; Conflict and negotiation; Stress management
- **Organizational Culture:** Organizational development and organizational change

### **Unit 7: Banking and Financial Institutions**

Overview of Indian financial system

- ❖ Types of banks: Commercial banks; Regional Rural Banks (RRBs); Foreign banks; Cooperative banks
- \* Reserve Bank of India: Functions; Role and monetary policy management
- ❖ Banking sector reforms in India: Basel norms; Risk management; NPA management
- ❖ Financial markets: Money market; Capital market; Government securities market







- **Financial Institutions:** Development Finance Institutions (DFIs); Non-Banking Financial Companies (NBFCs); Mutual Funds; Pension Funds
- Financial Regulators in India
- ❖ Financial sector reforms including financial inclusion
- **Digitisation of banking and other financial services:** Internet banking; mobile banking; Digital payments systems
- ❖ Insurance: Types of insurance- Life and Non-life insurance; Risk classification and management; Factors limiting the insurability of risk; Re-insurance; Regulatory framework of insurance- IRDA and its role

## **Unit 8: Marketing Management**

- ❖ Marketing: Concept and approaches; Marketing channels; Marketing mix; Strategic marketing planning; Market segmentation, targeting and positioning
- **Product decisions:** Concept; Product line; Product mix decisions; Product life cycle; New product development
- **Pricing decisions:** Factors affecting price determination; Pricing policies and strategies
- **Promotion decisions:** Role of promotion in marketing; Promotion methods Advertising; Personal selling; Publicity; Sales promotion tools and techniques; Promotion mix
- **Distribution decisions:** Channels of distribution; Channel management
- **Consumer Behaviour:** Consumer buying process; factors influencing consumer buying decisions
- Service marketing
- \* Trends in marketing: Social marketing; Online marketing; Green marketing; Direct marketing; Rural marketing; CRM
- Logistics management

### **Unit 9: Legal Aspects of Business**

- ❖ Indian Contract Act, 1872: Elements of a valid contract; Capacity of parties; Free consent; Discharge of a contract; Breach of contract and remedies against breach; Ouasi contracts;
- ❖ Special contracts: Contracts of indemnity and guarantee; contracts of bailment and pledge; Contracts of agency
- ❖ Sale of Goods Act, 1930: Sale and agreement to sell; Doctrine of Caveat Emptor; Rights of unpaid seller and rights of buyer
- ❖ Negotiable Instruments Act, 1881: Types of negotiable instruments; Negotiation and assignment; Dishonour and discharge of negotiable instruments
- ❖ The Companies Act, 2013: Nature and kinds of companies; Company formation; Management, meetings and winding up of a joint stock company
- ❖ Limited Liability Partnership: Structure and procedure of formation of LLP in India
- **❖ The Competition Act, 2002:** Objectives and main provisions







- **The Information Technology Act, 2000:** Objectives and main provisions; Cybercrimes and penalties
- ❖ The RTI Act, 2005: Objectives and main provisions
- ❖ Intellectual Property Rights (IPRs): Patents, trademarks and copyrights; Emerging issues in intellectual property
- **Goods and Services Tax (GST):** Objectives and main provisions; Benefits of GST; Implementation mechanism; Working of dual GST

## Unit 10: Income-tax and Corporate Tax Planning

- ❖ Income-tax: Basic concepts; Residential status and tax incidence; Exempted incomes; Agricultural income; Computation of taxable income under various heads; Deductions from Gross total income; Assessment of Individuals; Clubbing of incomes
- ❖ International Taxation: Double taxation and its avoidance mechanism; Transfer pricing
- **Corporate Tax Planning:** Concepts and significance of corporate tax planning; Tax avoidance versus tax evasion; Techniques of corporate tax planning; Tax considerations in specific business situations: Make or buy decisions; Own or lease an asset; Retain; Renewal or replacement of asset; Shut down or continue operations
- ❖ Deduction and collection of tax at source: Advance payment of tax; E-filing of income-tax returns